Nuclear's insecure future **European Environmental Foundation Laureates'** Symposium: Konzerthaus, Freiburg, Germany 11 March 2016 Session on "Learning from others" Konzerthaus Freiburg By Dr David Lowry senior research fellow, Institute for **Resource and Security Studies**, Cambrige, Ma. USA



The Pacific Heron (left) and the Pacific Egret sit in Kobe on Saturday ahead of a 52-day voyage to transport 331 kg of toxic plutonium to the United States. | KYODO

Ships prepare to return 331-kg plutonium stash from Japan to 0.S. (Kyodo, March 6, 2016)

http://www.japantimes.co.jp/news/2016/03/06/national/ships-prepare-return-331-kg-plutonium-stash-japan-u-s/#.VttLNv32aM9

"More than 10 years after the 9/11 hijackers considered flying a fully loaded passenger jet into a Manhattan area nuclear reactor, U.S. commercial and research nuclear facilities remain inadequately protected against two credible terrorist threats – the theft of bomb-grade material to make a nuclear weapon, and sabotage attacks intended to cause a reactor meltdown"

– according to a report prepared under a contract for the Pentagon by the Nuclear Proliferation Prevention Project (NPPP) at the University of Texas at Austin's LBJ School of Public Affairs, 15 August 2013

"President Obama [has] stated that what kept him up at night was, 'The prospect of a nuclear weapon going off in Manhattan..."

Democrat Senator Diane Feinstein from California, at Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Energy and Water, April 9, 2014



"Hundreds of foreign fighters, some with solid academic and educational backgrounds and intellectual knowledge, have joined the cause and continue to do so every day. Furthermore ISIL/Daesh's success is based on an effective media strategy of looking at the utmost possible "news effect" of their attacks. Together with their access to high levels of funding, these three elements bear the real risk of the group turning into practice what up to now has been largely a theoretical possibility: to actually employ weapons of mass destruction or Chemical, Biological, Radiological or Nuclear (CBRN) material in terrorist attacks.

We might soon enter a stage of CBRN terrorism, never before imaginable..

Wolfgang Rudischhauser, Director of the
WMD Non-proliferation Centre, NATO Review
2015

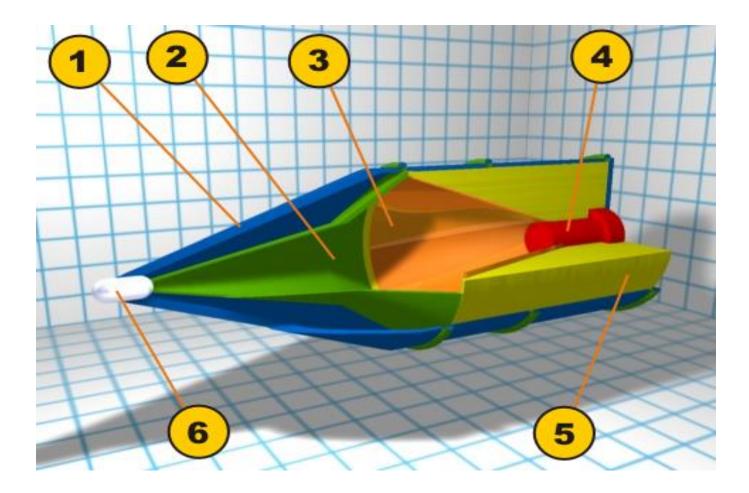
Visual demonstration of vulnerability of very robust containment to shape charge attack is more powerful than any number of words. In January 2008, there was a real demonstration test of a Raytheon Shaped Charge, Intended as the Penetration (Precursor) Stage of a *Tandem Warhead System*. Below is the before and after sequence:

Before Test



After Test (viewed from the attacked face)



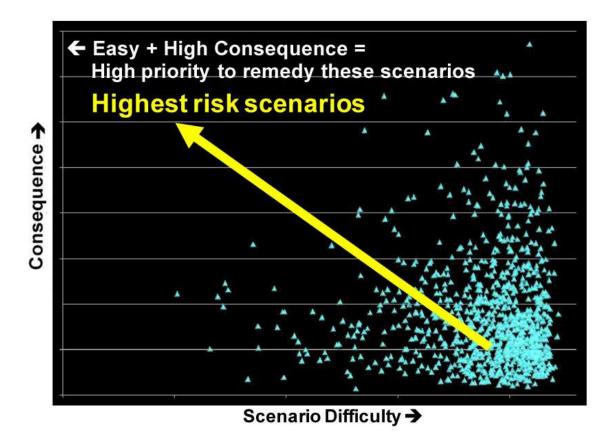


Islamic State want to inflict an "enormous and spectacular" terrorist atrocity on Britain and may have people trained to a paramilitary level to carry out attacks, a counter-terrorism chief has said.

Mark Rowley, a Metropolitan police assistant commissioner, said terrorists still wanted to kill soldiers or the police and now posed a real danger of attacking western lifestyle targets.



Location of Interim Spent Fuel Store at Sizewell.



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Mark Rowley, UK national head of counter-terrorism, says Isis has broadened its focus from police and military targets to something much bigger. "In the area of nuclear security also, their (the nuclear regulators in UK and France) experience puts them at the forefront of current discussions, particularly in international forums."

Franco-British Summit – 3 March 2016 Annex on a Comprehensive Franco-British Partnership on Civil Nuclear Energy

<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/a</u> <u>ttachment_data/file/505178/UKFRS_Civil_Nuclear_Energ</u> <u>y_2_March.pdf</u>

